SPEECH OF MR. BRANCH, On Mr. Clayton's Resolution relative to the United States Bank.

Mr. BRANCH remarked, that, under the impression that the present session of Congress afforded the fairest prospect for a full, free, and thorough investigation of the policy of renewing the Charter of the United States Bank, and that the country confident-

United States Bank, and that the country confidently expected that this important question would be finally acted upon during this session; and further, under a deep conviction that there was no good reason to believe that the charter would or could be renewed—he should feel himself bound to oppose every proposition calculated to postpone a decision un-

son to beheve that the charter would or could be renewed—he should feel himself bound to oppose every proposition calculated to postpone a decision until the next session of Congress. He would not say that the gentleman who moved these resolutions was actuated by any other motives than such as he believed just and proper; but is was very manifest, if the House adopted them, at this late period of the session, that the inevitable effect would be such as he had stated. While, therefore, he was willing to assume the responsibility of acting out the principles which had governed his political course for twenty

years past, he could not consent by his vote to con-

tribute to an evasion of the question for the purpose;

of obtaining any object not properly connected with

The gentleman from New York has forcibly pre-

the maintenance of those principles.

sented to the House the gambling speculations which have grown out of this institution. For my own part, said Mr. B. I am disposed to put an end to these practices as speedily as possible, and by no act of mine to afford fresh facilities to those skilled in speculations, to prey on the unwary. Already has the country felt the pernicious effects of the conflict of opinion between the President of the United States and the Secretary of the Treasury. Believing, as he did that the vote of no member would be con-

trolled by the proposed investigation, let it result as it might; and further satisfied, as he was, that the President of the United States would put his veto on any bill which might be passed by this House, and that it was utterly idle to believe, in the event of its being thus negatived, that a constitutional majority could be obtained in its behalf, he deemed it best in every point of view, to quiet the public mind by a prompt and decisive action. Such a course is due to the large class of our fellow citizens interested in the Bank. It is due to the nation. He was not one of those who believed that the President of the United States would shrink from responsibility. No, Mr. Speaker, I will do him the justice to say that I never knew him to shrink from his full share of responsibility. But, sir, I cannot say as much for his finid counsellors behind the throne, more powerful than the throne itself. In fine, said Mr. B. the President stands pledged to his country, by the strongest of all possible ties,

to his country, by the strongest of all possible ties, to withhold his signature, for the renewal of the United States Bank Charter, on constitutional grounds and he had no doubt but that he would faithfully redeem his pledge. Why, then, shall we keep the public mind in a state of suspense on this long agitated subject, particularly when the President himself has been urging it on Congress in his three annual Messages?